

Supporting Information for

Practical access to bandgap-like N-doped carbon dots with dual emission unzipped from PAN@PMMA core-shell nanoparticles

Youfu Wang, Luhua Dong, Rulin Xiong, Aiguo Hu*

Shanghai Key Laboratory of Advanced Polymeric Materials, School of Materials Science and Engineering, East China University of Science and Technology, Shanghai, 200237, China.



Figure S1 Optical images of C-dots under natural light (left) and UV (365nm) (right). (A) as-synthesized C-dots. (B) PEG modified C-dots. All the samples were arranged from left to right with increasing pyrolysis temperature, 350°C, 400°C and 450°C, respectively.

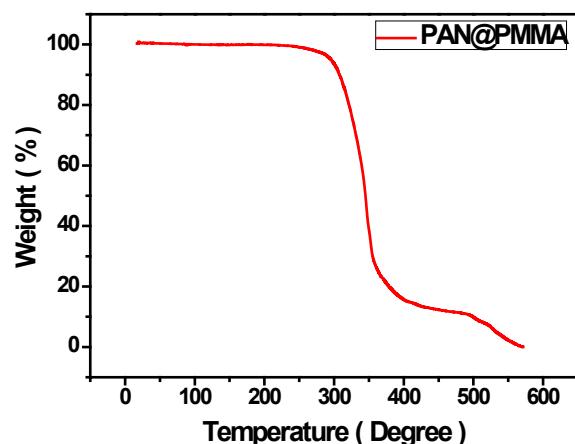


Figure S2 TGA of PAN@PMMA core-shell nanoparticles. (5°C /min in air)

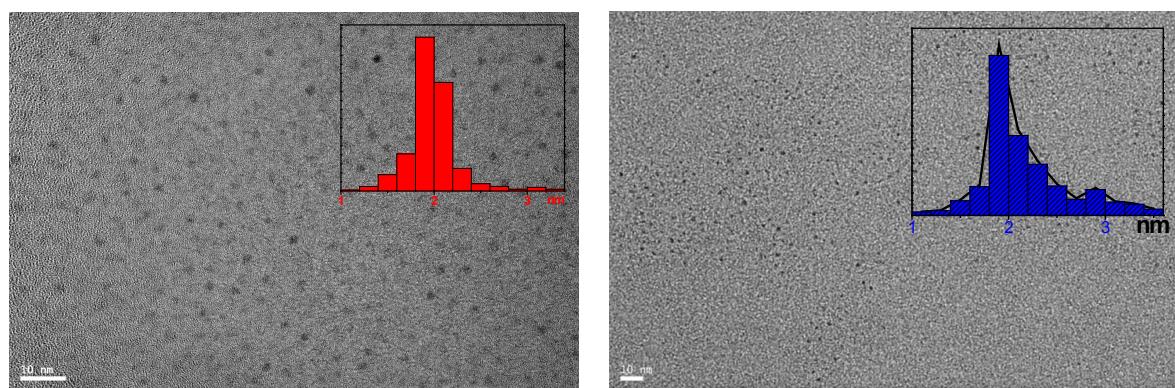


Figure S3 HRTEM images of CD-350 and CD-400 and their size distribution. Both of the scale bars are 10 nm.

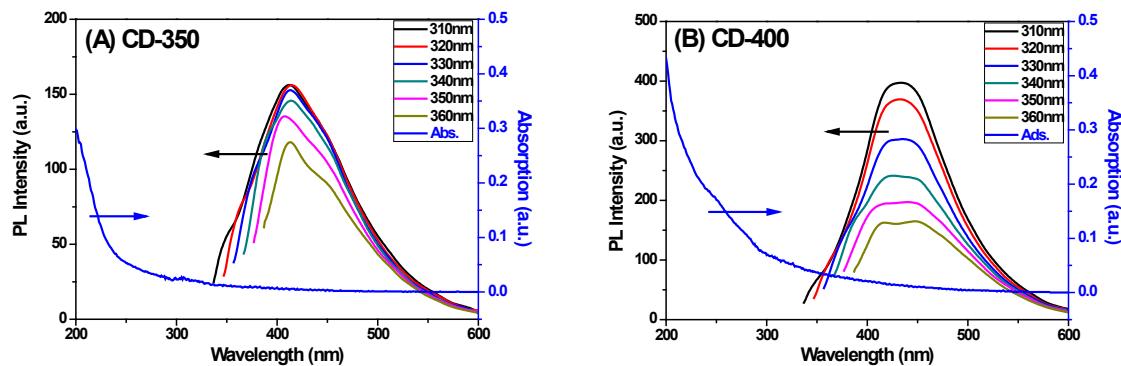


Figure S4 PL & UV-vis spectra of (A) CD-350 and (B) CD-400.

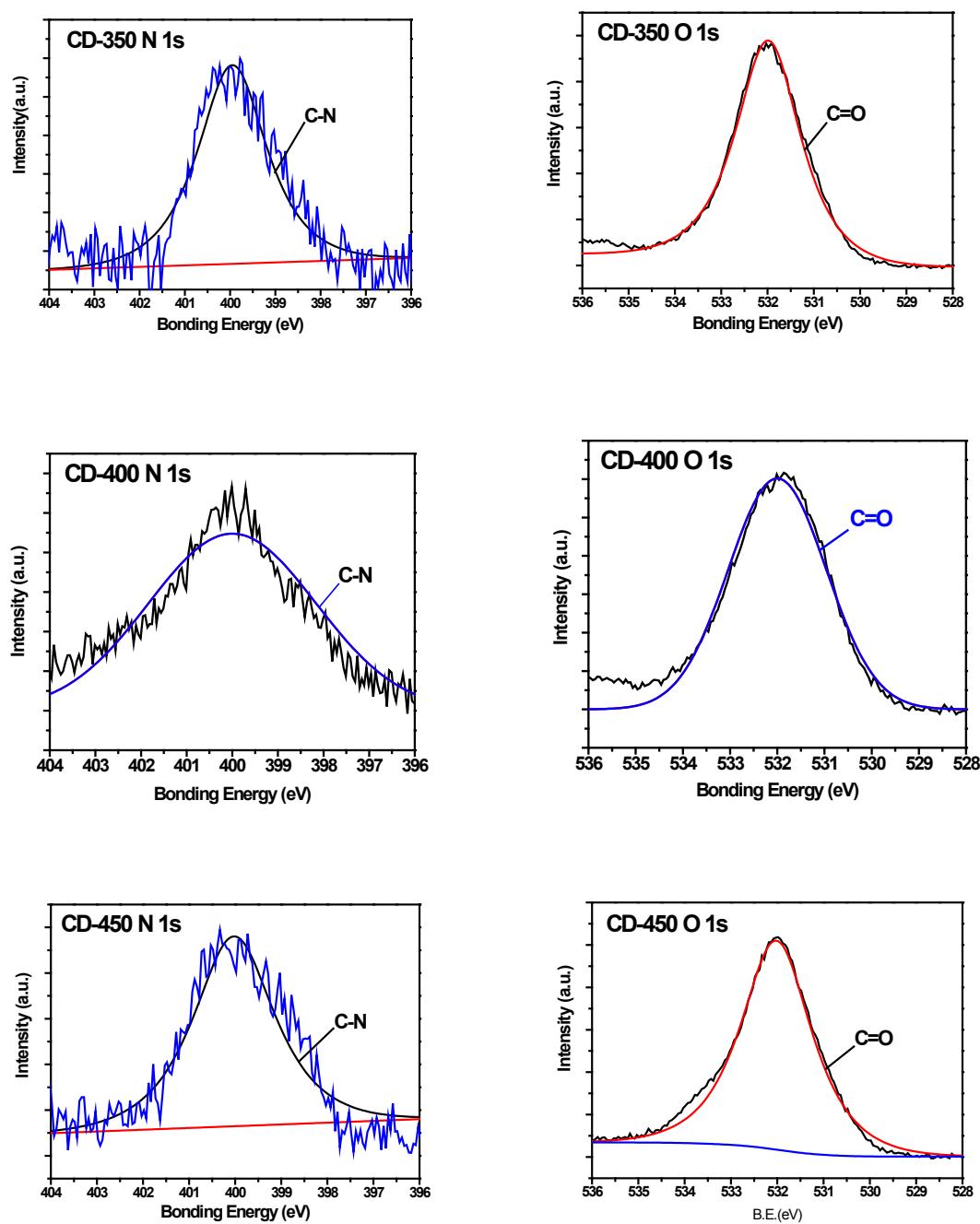


Figure S5 The N 1s and O 1s peaks in the XPS spectra CD-350, CD-400, and CD-450.

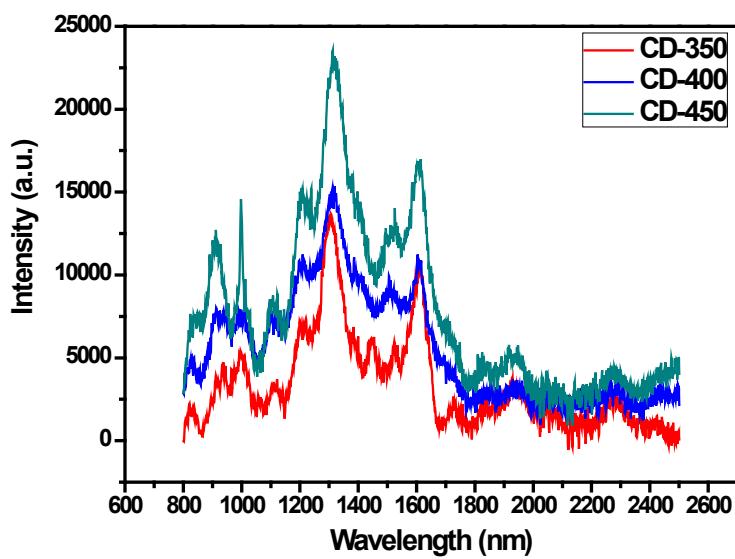


Figure S6 Raman spectra of CDs.

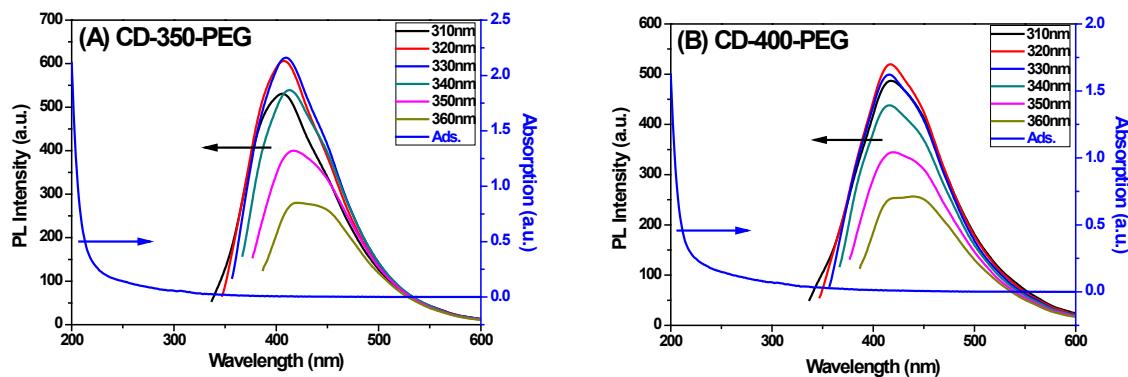


Figure S7 PL & UV-vis spectra of (A) CD-350-PEG, (B) CD-400-PEG.