

# Liquid-Crystalline Elastomer Micropillar Array for Haptic Actuation

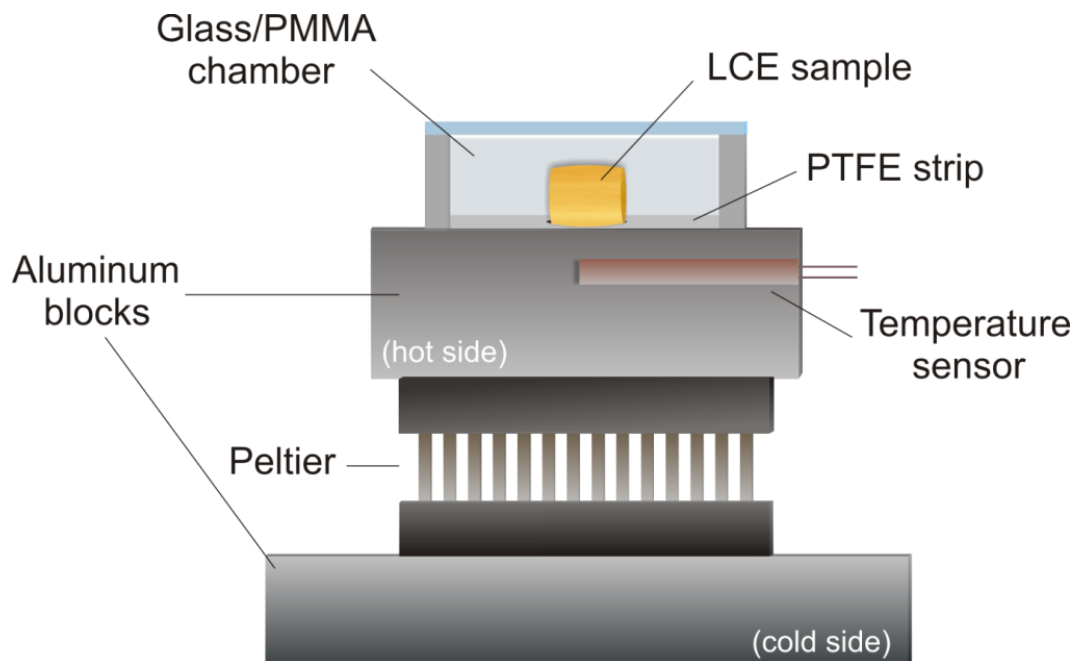
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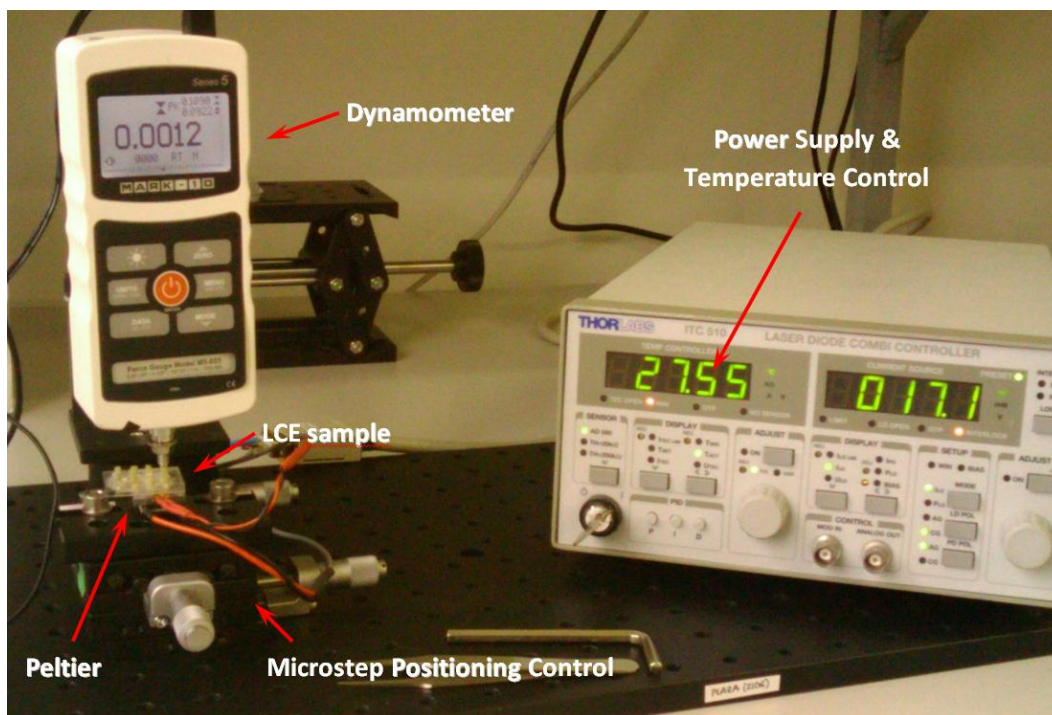
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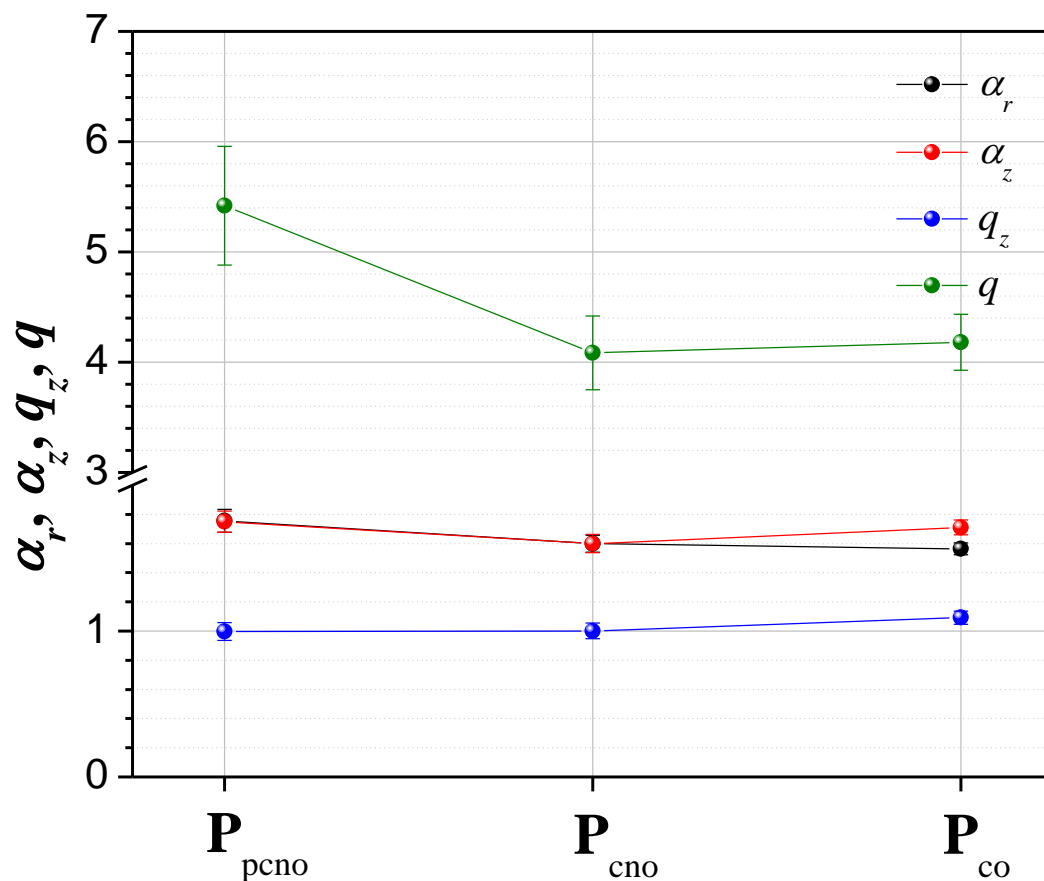


**Fig. ESI-1.** Setup for the thermoelastic experiment.



**Fig. ESI-2.** Setup for the evaluation of the mechanical actuation.

Swelling experiments on the partially crosslinked non-oriented micropillar ( $P_{\text{pcno}}$ ), on the fully crosslinked non-oriented micropillar ( $P_{\text{cno}}$ ), and on the fully crosslinked oriented micropillar ( $P_{\text{co}}$ ) were performed in toluene at 25 °C in order to obtain information about the crosslinking process and the orientation of the sample. The swelling parameter  $q = \alpha_r^2 \alpha_z$  for the  $P_{\text{co}}$  micropillar ( $q = 4.2 \pm 0.3$ ) was similar to the  $P_{\text{cno}}$  micropillar ( $q = 4.1 \pm 0.3$ ), but lower than for the  $P_{\text{pcno}}$  micropillar ( $q = 5.4 \pm 0.5$ ). These values confirmed the difference in crosslinking density between the partially crosslinked elastomer,  $P_{\text{pcno}}$  with high swelling ratio, and the fully crosslinked elastomers,  $P_{\text{co}}$  and  $P_{\text{cno}}$  with low swelling ratio. Moreover, the anisotropy of the network could be described from the swelling anisotropy  $q_z = \alpha_z / \alpha_r$ , which is the ratio between the axial swelling ratio  $\alpha_z$  and the radial swelling ratio  $\alpha_r$ . The oriented micropillar  $P_{\text{co}}$  showed a swelling anisotropy of  $q_z = 1.09 \pm 0.04$ , which differed from the random distribution of nematic domains in the micropillars  $P_{\text{pcno}}$  and  $P_{\text{cno}}$  with swelling anisotropy values of  $q_z = 1.00 \pm 0.06$  and  $q_z = 1.00 \pm 0.05$ , respectively (Fig. ESI-3).



**Fig. ESI-3.** Swelling ratios  $\alpha_r$  and  $\alpha_z$ , swelling anisotropy  $q_z$  and swelling parameter  $q$  for the partially crosslinked non-oriented micropillar ( $P_{pcno}$ ), the fully crosslinked non-oriented micropillar ( $P_{cno}$ ), and the fully crosslinked oriented micropillar ( $P_{co}$ ) in toluene at 25 °C.