Supporting Information for

Full-colour luminescent compounds based on anthracene

and 2, 2'- dipyridylamine

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Experimental section

Crystallography

Single crystals suitable for X-ray analysis of 7 were obtained by slow evaporation of a CH_3OH-H_2O solution at room temperature.

Crystal data for **7**·**MeOH**: C₄₇H₄₆N₄O, Mw = 682.88 g·mol⁻¹, 0.40×0.39×0.20 mm³, Monoclinic, P2(1)/c, a = 24.460(2) Å, b = 10.4080(10) Å, c = 15.1901(14) Å, β = 94.2550(10)°, V = 3856.5(6) Å³, F(000) = 1456, ρ_{calcd} = 1.176 Mg·m⁻³, μ (Mo-K α) = 0.071 mm⁻¹, T = 298(2) K, 18184 data were measured on a Bruker SMART Apex diffractometer, of which 6191 were unique (R_{int} = 0.1171); 508 parameters were refined against Fo² (all data), final wR₂ = 0.3489, S = 1.074, R₁ (I > 2 σ (I)) = 0.0930, largest final difference peak/hole = +0.314 /-0.262 e.Å⁻³.

CCDC-895653 (2) and 959339 (7) contain the supplementary crystallographic data for this paper. These data can be obtained free of charge from The Cambridge Crystallographic Data Centre via www.ccdc.cam.ac.uk/data_request/cif.



Fig. S1. The ¹H NMR spectrum of 1 in DMSO-d⁶.



Fig. S2. The 13 C NMR spectrum of 1 in DMSO-d⁶.



Fig. S4. The ¹³C NMR spectrum of 2 in CDCl₃.



Fig. S5. The ¹H NMR spectrum of **4** in DMSO- d^6 .



Fig. S6. ESI HRMS of 4 in MeOH.



Fig. S7. The ¹H NMR spectrum of **5** in DMSO- d^6 .



Fig. S8. ESI HRMS of 5 in MeOH.



Fig. S9. The ¹H NMR spectrum of 6 in CDCl₃.



Fig. S10. The 1 H NMR spectrum of 6 in CDCl₃. a) Before addition of D₂O; b) After addition of D₂O.



Fig. S11. ESI HRMS of 6 in MeOH.



Fig. S12. The ¹H NMR spectrum of **7** in DMSO- d^6 .



Fig. S13. The 13 C NMR spectrum of 7 in DMSO-d⁶.



Fig. S14. ESI HRMS of 7 in MeOH.



Fig. S15. The ¹H NMR spectrum of **8** in DMSO- d^6 .



Fig. S16. The 13 C NMR spectrum of **8** in DMSO-d⁶.



Fig. S18. The ¹H NMR spectrum of 9 in CDCl₃.



Fig. S19. The ¹H NMR spectrum of 9 in CDCl₃. a) Before addition of D₂O; b) After addition of D₂O.







Fig. S21. Emission spectra of 1 recorded in various solvents.



Fig. S22. Emission spectra of 2 recorded in various solvents.



Fig. S23. Emission spectra of 3 recorded in various solvents.



Fig. S24. Emission spectra of 4 recorded in various solvents.



Fig. S25. Emission spectra of 5 recorded in various solvents.



Fig. S26. Emission spectra of 6 recorded in various solvents.



Fig. S27. Emission spectra of 8 recorded in various solvents.



Fig. S28. Diagrams showing the HOMO and LUMO levels of 1~8.



Fig. S29. X-ray crystal structure of 7.

entry	$\Phi_{\rm F}$ /%	$\Phi_{\rm F}$ /%	$\Phi_{\rm F}$ /%	$\Phi_{\rm F}/\!\! ^{\rm 0}\!\! ^{\rm \prime}\!\! ^{\rm \prime}\!\! ^{\rm \prime}$	$\Phi_{\rm F}/\!\%$	$\Phi_{\rm F}/\!\! ^{\rm h}\!\! ^{\rm o}$
_	СН	THF	CH_2Cl_2	MeOH	ACN	DMSO
1	11	7	9	8	7.5	12
2	51	83	80	60	72	77
3	62	50	69	66	72	38
4	14	11	15	14	17	12
5	50	46	41	34	29	27
6	51	46	46	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.
7	80	74	67	21	18	12
8	26	1.3	1	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.

Table 1. Quantum yields of 1~8 in different solvents.

Note: n. d. denotes too weak signal to be detected.