Supplementary Information

Synthesis and mesomorphism of triphenylene-based dimers with a highly ordered columnar plastic phase

Yifei Wang, Chunxiu Zhang*, Hao Wu and Jialing Pu

Information Recording Materials Lab, Lab of Printing & Packaging Material and Technology, Beijing Institute of Graphic Communication, 102600 Beijing, China . E-mail: zhangchunxiu@bigc.edu.cn

Table of Contents

- 1. Synthesis and Characterization (p. 2-7)
- 2. ¹H-NMR and HRMS spectra (p. 8-20)
- 3. Mesomorphism (p. 21-25)



1. Synthesis and characterization

Synthesis scheme for compound 4a-k

1, 2-dibutoxybenzene (1)

1-Bromobutane (25.7g, 0.187mol) was added to a vigorously stirred solution of catechol (5.5 g, 0.05mol) and potassium carbonate (27.6g) in ethanol (500ml) under nitrogen. The reaction mixture was stirred under reflux for 24 h and filtered with copious washings of ethanol. The filtrate was concentrated in vacuo and subjected to a silica gel column chromatography on silica, eluting with 1: 2 dichloromethane: light petroleum to give the product as pale yellow oil. (10.6 g, 95 %); TLC R_f: 0.55 (dichloromethane-hexane 1:1); IR (KBr): v_{max}/cm^{-1} 1263 (C-O-C); δ_{H} (300MHZ, CDCl₃) 6.90 (4H, s, ArH), 3.99-4.10 (4H, t, OCH₂), 1.77-1.86 (4H, m, OCH₂CH₂), 1.46-1.58 (m, 4H, OCH₂CH₂), 0.97-1.07 (t, 6H, CH₃).

2, 3, 6, 7, 10, 11-hexabutoxytriphenylene (2)

Compound 1 (7.5g, 0.0337mol) was added to a vigorously stirred suspension of Iron(III) chloride (16.42g, 0.0101mol) in dichloromethane (50ml). The reaction occurred with vigorous evolution of gas and was quenched with methanol (150ml) after 70 min. The reaction mixture was filtered and the filtrate concentrated in vacuo to give a black solid which was subjected to a silica gel column chromatography, eluting with 1: 1 dichloromethane: light petroleum to give 2 as pale yellow solid

which was recrystallized from ethanol. (16.95g, 76%); TLC R_f : 0.65 (dichloromethane- hexane 1:1); IR (KBr): v_{max}/cm^{-1} 1261 (C-O-C); δ_H (300MHZ, CDCl₃) 7.85 (6H, s, ArH), 4.22-4.26 (12H, t, OCH₂), 1.89-1.98 (12H, m, OCH₂CH₂), 1.62-1.67 (12H, m, OCH₂CH₂CH₂), 1.02-1.07 (18H, t, CH₃).

2-hydroxy -3, 6, 7, 10, 11-Pentabutoxytriphenylene (3)

To a cooled suspension of catechol (11g, 0.1mol) in $CH_2 Cl_2$ (50 mL), a solution (0 °C) of BBr₃ (28.6g, 0.11mol) in CH_2Cl_2 (10 ml) was added slowly with stirring 3h under nitrogen. The mixture was brought to room temperature, the solvent removed and the product distilled under vacuum to give B-Bromocatecholboronane as white solid (16g, 80%). The solid was then used to make a 0.5 M solution by mixing with CH_2Cl_2 (160 ml) and this was used for next ether cleavage reactions.

A solution of **2** (15g, 0.0227mol) was dissolved in anhydrous CH₂Cl₂ (150 ml) and cooled to 0°C. To this was added (64ml, 0.032mol) of B-Bromocatecholboronane solution in CH₂Cl₂ under argon and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 24h. After that it was poured over ice-water and extracted with CH₂Cl₂, the combined extract was dried with anhydrous Na₂SO₄ overnight, solvent was removed under vacuum and the crude product was purified by a silica gel column chromatography, eluting with 1: 30 ethyl acetate: light petroleum to give **3** as white solid which was recrystallized from ethanol. (6.5g, 49%); TLC R_f: 0.56 (ethyl acetate- hexane 1:8); IR (KBr): v_{max}/cm^{-1} 3456 (O-H), 1261 (C-O-C); $\delta_{\rm H}$ (300MHZ, CDCl₃) 7.78-7.97 (6H, m, ArH), 5.91 (1H, s, OH) 4.20-4.38 (10H, t, OCH₂), 1.89-1.96 (10H, m, OCH₂CH₂), 1.57-1.67 (10H, m, OCH₂CH₂CH₂), 1.05-1.09 (18H, t, CH₃).

1, 2-Bis (3', 6', 7', 10', 11'-pentabutyloxytriphenylen-2'-yloxy)-ethane (4a)

A mixture of **3** (500mg, 0.827mmol), 1, 2-Dibromoethane (78mg, 0.413mmol) and anhydrous potassium carbonate (1.0g) in ethanol (20ml) was heated under reflux for 72h. The mixture was cooled to 0 °C, filtered, washed with water(50ml), and extracted with dichloromethane (2×50ml), the solvent removed in vacuo, and the residue purified by column chromatography on silica eluting with dichloromethane and finally recrystallized from ethanol to give pure **4a**. (0.25g, 49%); TLC R_f: 0.15 (dichloromethane-hexane 2:1); (Found: C, 75.98; H, 8.87. C₇₈H₁₀₆O₁₂ requires: C, 75.82 ;H, 8.65%); IR (KBr): v_{max} /cm⁻¹ 1260 (C-O-C); δ_{H} (300MHZ, CDCl₃) 7.81-8.09 (12H, m, ArH), 4.74 (4H, t, OCH₂CH₂O), 4.08-4.22 (20H, m, OCH₂), 1.74-1.96 (20H, m, OCH₂CH₂), 1.43-1.69 (20H, m, OCH₂CH₂CH₂), 1.02-1.07 (30H, m, CH₃); HRMS (ESI) : calc. m/z 1234.7679 (C₇₈H₁₀₆O₁₂), found

m/z 1234.7652 $(M)^+$.

1, 3-Bis (3', 6', 7', 10', 11'-pentabutyloxytriphenylen-2'-yloxy)-propane (4b)

A mixture of **3** (500mg, 0.827mmol), 1, 3-Dibromopropane (83mg, 0.413mmol) and anhydrous potassium carbonate (1.0g) in ethanol (20ml) was heated under reflux for 72h. The mixture was cooled to 0 °C, filtered, washed with water(50ml), and extracted with dichloromethane (2×50ml), the solvent removed in vacuo, and the residue purified by column chromatography on silica eluting with dichloromethane and finally recrystallized from ethanol to give pure **4b**. (0.32g, 63%); TLC R_f: 0.17 (dichloromethane-hexane 2:1); (Found: C, 75.76; H, 8.71. C₇₉H₁₀₈O₁₂ requires: C, 75.93; H, 8.71%); IR (KBr): v_{max} /cm⁻¹ 1261 (C-O-C); δ_{H} (300MHZ, CDCl₃) 7.81-7.96 (12H, s, ArH), 4.58 (4H, t, OCH₂), 4.13-4.27 (20H, t, OCH₂), 2.57 (2H, m, OCH₂CH₂), 1.79-1.93 (20H, m, OCH₂CH₂), 1.47-1.62 (20H, m, OCH₂CH₂CH₂), 0.89-1.07 (30H, m, CH₃); HRMS (ESI) : calc. m/z 1248.7835 (C₇₉H₁₀₈O₁₂), found m/z 1248.7822 (M)⁺.

1, 4-Bis (3', 6', 7', 10', 11'-pentabutyloxytriphenylen-2'-yloxy)-butane (4c)

A mixture of **3** (500mg, 0.827mmol), 1, 4-Dibromobutane (89mg, 0.413mmol) and anhydrous potassium carbonate (1.0g) in ethanol (20ml) was heated under reflux for 72h. The mixture was cooled to 0 °C, filtered, washed with water(50ml), and extracted with dichloromethane (2×50ml), the solvent removed in vacuo, and the residue purified by column chromatography on silica eluting with dichloromethane and finally recrystallized from ethanol to give pure **4c**. (0.30g, 59%); TLC R_f: 0.20 (dichloromethane-hexane 2:1); (Found: C, 75.90; H, 8.82. C₈₀H₁₁₀O₁₂ requires: C, 76.03; H, 8.77%); IR (KBr): v_{max} /cm⁻¹ 1261 (C-O-C); δ_{H} (300MHZ, CDCl₃) 7.85 (12H, s, ArH), 4.40 (4H, t, OCH₂), 4.18-4.25 (20H, t, OCH₂), 2.26 (4H, m, OCH₂CH₂), 1.82-1.95 (20H, m, OCH₂CH₂), 1.53-1.65 (20H, m, OCH₂CH₂CH₂), 1.05 (30H, t, CH₃); HRMS (ESI) : calc. m/z 1262.7992 (C₈₀H₁₁₀O₁₂), found m/z 1262.7968 (M)⁺.

1, 5-Bis (3', 6', 7', 10', 11'-pentabutyloxytriphenylen-2'-yloxy)-pentane (4d)

A mixture of **3** (500mg, 0.827mmol), 1, 5-Dibromopentane (95mg, 0.413mmol) and anhydrous potassium carbonate (1.0g) in ethanol (20ml) was heated under reflux for 72h. The mixture was cooled to 0 °C, filtered, washed with water(50ml), and extracted with dichloromethane (2×50ml), the solvent removed in vacuo, and the residue purified by column chromatography on silica eluting with dichloromethane and finally recrystallized from ethanol to give pure **4d**. (0.27g, 51%); TLC R_f:

0.28 (dichloromethane-hexane 2:1); (Found: C, 76.14; H, 8.85. $C_{81}H_{112}O_{12}$ requires: C, 76.14; H, 8.84%); IR (KBr): v_{max}/cm^{-1} 1261 (C-O-C); δ_{H} (300MHZ, CDCl₃) 7.86 (12H, s, ArH), 4.24 (24H, t, OCH₂), 2.11 (4H, t, OCH₂), 1.89-2.08 (22H, m, CH₂), 1.53-1.65 (24H, m, OCH₂CH₂CH₂), 1.05 (30H, t, CH₃); HRMS (ESI) : calc. m/z 1276.8148 ($C_{81}H_{112}O_{12}$), found m/z 1276.8123 (M)⁺.

1, 6-Bis (3', 6', 7', 10', 11'-pentabutyloxytriphenylen-2'-yloxy)-hexane (4e)

A mixture of **3** (500mg, 0.827mmol), 1, 6-Dibromohexane (101mg, 0.413mmol) and anhydrous potassium carbonate (1.0g) in ethanol (20ml) was heated under reflux for 72h. The mixture was cooled to 0 °C, filtered, washed with water(50ml), and extracted with dichloromethane (2×50ml), the solvent removed in vacuo, and the residue purified by column chromatography on silica eluting with dichloromethane and finally recrystallized from ethanol to give pure **4e**. (0.26g, 49%); TLC R_f: 0.30 (dichloromethane-hexane 2:1); (Found: C, 76.17; H, 8.94. C₈₂H₁₁₄O₁₂ requires: C, 76.24; H, 8.90%); IR (KBr): v_{max} /cm⁻¹ 1261 (C-O-C); δ_{H} (300MHZ, CDCl₃) 7.84 (12H, s, ArH), 4.24 (24H, t, OCH₂), 1.92-2.03 (24H, m, OCH₂CH₂), 1.57-1.73 (24H, m, OCH₂CH₂CH₂), 1.05 (30H, t, CH₃); HRMS (ESI) : calc. m/z 1290.8305 (C₈₂H₁₁₄O₁₂), found m/z 1290.8314 (M)⁺.

1, 7-Bis (3', 6', 7', 10', 11'-pentabutyloxytriphenylen-2'-yloxy)-heptane (4f)

A mixture of **3** (500mg, 0.827mmol), 1, 7-Dibromoheptane (107mg, 0.413mmol) and anhydrous potassium carbonate (1.0g) in ethanol (20ml) was heated under reflux for 72h. The mixture was cooled to 0 °C, filtered, washed with water(50ml), and extracted with dichloromethane (2×50ml), the solvent removed in vacuo, and the residue purified by column chromatography on silica eluting with dichloromethane and finally recrystallized from ethanol to give pure **4f**. (0.31g, 58%); TLC R_f: 0.34 (dichloromethane-hexane 2:1); (Found: C, 76.26; H, 9.02. C₈₃H₁₁₆O₁₂ requires: C, 76.34; H, 8.95%); IR (KBr): ν_{max} /cm⁻¹ 1261 (C-O-C); δ_{H} (300MHZ, CDCl₃) 7.84 (12H, s, ArH), 4.24 (24H, t, OCH₂), 1.89-1.98 (24H, m, OCH₂CH₂), 1.56-1.68 (26H, m, CH₂), 1.05 (30H, t, CH₃); HRMS (ESI) : calc. m/z 1304.8461 (C₈₃H₁₁₆O₁₂), found m/z 1304.8436 (M)⁺.

1, 8-Bis (3', 6', 7', 10', 11'-pentabutyloxytriphenylen-2'-yloxy)-octane (4g)

A mixture of **3** (500mg, 0.827mmol), 1, 8-Dibromooctane (112mg, 0.413mmol) and anhydrous potassium carbonate (1.0g) in ethanol (20ml) was heated under reflux for 72h. The mixture was cooled to 0 °C, filtered, washed with water(50ml), and extracted with dichloromethane (2×50 ml), the solvent removed in vacuo, and the residue purified by column chromatography on silica eluting

with dichloromethane and finally recrystallized from ethanol to give pure **4g**. (0.22g, 41%); TLC R_f: 0.35 (dichloromethane-hexane 2:1); (Found: C, 76.38; H, 8.95. $C_{84}H_{118}O_{12}$ requires: C, 76.44; H, 9.01%); IR (KBr): v_{max} /cm⁻¹ 1261 (C-O-C); δ_{H} (300MHZ, CDCl₃) 7.84 (12H, s, ArH), 4.24 (24H, t, OCH₂), 1.89-1.96 (24H, m, OCH₂CH₂), 1.51-1.70 (28H, m, CH₂), 1.05 (30H, t, CH₃); HRMS (ESI) : calc. m/z 1318.8618 ($C_{84}H_{118}O_{12}$), found m/z 1318.8598 (M)⁺.

1, 9-Bis (3', 6', 7', 10', 11'-pentabutyloxytriphenylen-2'-yloxy)-nonane (4h)

A mixture of **3** (500mg, 0.827mmol), 1, 9-Dibromononane (118mg, 0.413mmol) and anhydrous potassium carbonate (1.0g) in ethanol (20ml) was heated under reflux for 72h. The mixture was cooled to 0 °C, filtered, washed with water(50ml), and extracted with dichloromethane (2×50ml), the solvent removed in vacuo, and the residue purified by column chromatography on silica eluting with dichloromethane and finally recrystallized from ethanol to give pure **4h**. (0.29g, 52%); TLC R_f: 0.40 (dichloromethane-hexane 2:1); (Found: C, 76.57; H, 9.0. C₈₅H₁₂₀O₁₂ requires: C, 76.54; H, 9.07%); IR (KBr): v_{max} /cm⁻¹ 1260 (C-O-C); δ_{H} (300MHZ, CDCl₃) 7.84 (12H, s, ArH), 4.25 (24H, t, OCH₂), 1.83-1.98 (24H, m, OCH₂CH₂), 1.46-1.68 (30H, m, CH₂), 1.05 (30H, t, CH₃); HRMS (ESI) : calc. m/z 1332.8774 (C₈₅H₁₂₀O₁₂), found m/z 1332.8784 (M)⁺.

1, 10-Bis (3', 6', 7', 10', 11'-pentabutyloxytriphenylen-2'-yloxy)-decane (4i)

A mixture of **3** (500mg, 0.827mmol), 1, 10-Dibromodecane (124mg, 0.413mmol) and anhydrous potassium carbonate (1.0g) in ethanol (20ml) was heated under reflux for 72h. The mixture was cooled to 0 °C, filtered, washed with water(50ml), and extracted with dichloromethane (2×50ml), the solvent removed in vacuo, and the residue purified by column chromatography on silica eluting with dichloromethane and finally recrystallized from ethanol to give pure **4i**. (0.23g, 42%); TLC R_f: 0.45 (dichloromethane-hexane 2:1); (Found: C, 76.52; H, 9.09. C₈₆H₁₂₂O₁₂ requires: C, 76.63; H, 9.12%); IR (KBr): ν_{max} /cm⁻¹ 1263 (C-O-C); δ_{H} (300MHZ, CDCl₃) 7.85 (12H, s, ArH), 4.25 (24H, t, OCH₂), 1.89-1.98 (24H, m, OCH₂CH₂), 1.26-1.67 (32H, m, CH₂), 1.05 (30H, t, CH₃); HRMS (ESI) : calc. m/z 1346.8931 (C₈₆H₁₂₂O₁₂), found m/z 1346.8922 (M)⁺.

1, 11-Bis (3', 6', 7', 10', 11'-pentabutyloxytriphenylen-2'-yloxy)-undecane (4j)

A mixture of **3** (500mg, 0.827mmol), 1, 11-Dibromoundecane (130mg, 0.413mmol) and anhydrous potassium carbonate (1.0g) in ethanol (20ml) was heated under reflux for 72h. The mixture was cooled to 0 °C, filtered, washed with water(50ml), and extracted with dichloromethane (2×50 ml),

the solvent removed in vacuo, and the residue purified by column chromatography on silica eluting with dichloromethane and finally recrystallized from ethanol to give pure **4j**. (0.26g, 47%); TLC R_f: 0.45 (dichloromethane-hexane 2:1); (Found: C, 76.55; H, 9.15. $C_{87}H_{124}O_{12}$ requires: C, 76.73; H, 9.18%); IR (KBr): v_{max} /cm⁻¹ 1263 (C-O-C); δ_{H} (300MHZ, CDCl₃) 7.84 (12H, s, ArH), 4.25 (24H, t, OCH₂), 1.89-1.96 (24H, m, OCH₂CH₂), 1.23-1.67 (34H, m, CH₂), 1.05 (30H, t, CH₃); HRMS (ESI) : calc. m/z 1360.9087 ($C_{87}H_{124}O_{12}$), found m/z 1360.9038 (M)⁺.

1, 12-Bis (3', 6', 7', 10', 11'-pentabutyloxytriphenylen-2'-yloxy)-dodeane (4k)

A mixture of **3** (500mg, 0.827mmol), 1, 12-Dibromododecane (135mg, 0.413mmol) and anhydrous potassium carbonate (1.0g) in ethanol (20ml) was heated under reflux for 72h. The mixture was cooled to 0 °C, filtered, washed with water(50ml), and extracted with dichloromethane (2×50ml), the solvent removed in vacuo, and the residue purified by column chromatography on silica eluting with dichloromethane and finally recrystallized from ethanol to give pure **4k**. (0.21g, 37%); TLC R_f: 0.48 (dichloromethane-hexane 2:1); (Found: C, 76.54; H, 9.10. C₈₈H₁₂₆O₁₂ requires: C, 76.82; H, 9.23%); IR (KBr): v_{max} /cm⁻¹ 1261 (C-O-C); δ_{H} (300MHZ, CDCl₃) 7.84 (12H, s, ArH), 4.25 (24H, t, OCH₂), 1.89-1.96 (24H, m, OCH₂CH₂), 1.26-1.67 (36H, m, CH₂), 1.05 (30H, t, CH₃); HRMS (ESI) : calc. m/z 1374.9118 (C₈₈H₁₂₆O₁₂), found m/z 1374.9148 (M)⁺.



ESI Fig. 2 ¹H-NMR spectra of 2











ESI Fig. 5 HRMS spectra of 4a







ESI Fig. 7 HRMS spectra of 4b







ESI Fig. 9 HRMS spectra of 4c





ESI Fig. 11 HRMS spectra of 4d



ESI Fig. 13 HRMS spectra of 4e



ESI Fig. 15 HRMS spectra of 4f



 Meas. m/z
 #
 Formula
 Score
 m/z
 err [mDa]
 err [ppm]
 mSigma
 rdb
 e⁻ Conf
 N-Rule

 1318.85983
 1
 C 84 H 118 O 12
 100.00
 1318.86178
 1.9
 1.5
 57.3
 26.0
 odd
 ok

ESI Fig. 17 HRMS spectra of 4g



ESI Fig. 19 HRMS spectra of 4h



ESI Fig. 21 HRMS spectra of 4i



ESI Fig. 23 HRMS spectra of 4j









3. Mesomorphism

Mesomorphism of 4a



ESI Fig. 26 Crystalline texture observed by POM with 90° angle of compound **4a** sandwiched between clean glass slides on cooling from isotropic phase at 140 °C (left); DSC trace of compound **4a** run at 10 °C/min under N^2 (right).

Mesomorphism of 4b



ESI Fig. 27 Crystalline texture observed by POM with 90° angle of compound **4b** sandwiched between clean glass slides on cooling from isotropic phase at 145 °C (left); DSC trace of compound **4b** run at 10 °C/min under N^2 (right).

Mesomorphism of 4c



ESI Fig. 28 Crystalline texture observed by POM with 90° angle of compound **4c** sandwiched between clean glass slides on cooling from isotropic phase at 127 °C (left); DSC trace of compound **4c** run at 10 °C/min under N^2 (right).

Mesomorphism of 4d



ESI Fig. 29 texture of compound 4d observed by POM when cooling from isotropic phase at (a) 85° C, (b) 75° C and (c) 70° C



ESI Fig. 30 Focal conic texture of compound **4d** sandwiched between clean glass slides on cooling from isotropic phase at 110 °C (a); sample in (a) is rotated by 30° (b) and 60° (c) around the optical axis between the crossed polarizers. This highly birefringent texture with extinction branches is characteristic of an edge-on alignment, when sample is rotated between the crossed polarizers, the extinction branches rotate respect to the sample as well. (White solid curves indicate the same grain)

Mesomorphism of 4e



ESI Fig. 31 Dendritic texture of compound **4e** sandwiched between clean glass slides on cooling from isotropic phase at 120 °C (left), this texture which indicated a Col_h phase was observed by POM with 45° angle and did not show any changes when cooled to room temperature; DSC trace of compound **4e** run at 10 °C/min under N² (right).

Electronic Supplementary Material (ESI) for Journal of Materials Chemistry C This journal is © The Royal Society of Chemistry 2013

Mesomorphism of 4f



ESI Fig. 32 DSC trace of compound 4f run at 10 °C/min under N².

Mesomorphism of 4g



ESI Fig. 33 DSC trace of compound 4g run at 10 °C/min under N².

Mesomorphism of 4h



ESI Fig. 34 DSC trace of compound 4h run at 10 °C/min under N².

Mesomorphism of 4i



ESI Fig. 35 Optical textures of compound **4i** sandwiched between clean glass slides on cooling from isotropic phase: (left) dendritic texture which indicated a Col_h phase observed by POM with 45° angle at 148 °C; (middle) mosaic texture which indicated a Col_{hp} phase observed by POM with 45° angle at 140 °C; (right) mosaic texture which indicated a Col_{hp} phase observed by POM with 90° angle at 140 °C. Phase transition between Col_h and Col_{hp} was clearly observed for the colours and areas of domain were changed while the birefringence increases.



ESI Fig. 36 DSC trace of compound 4i run at 10 °C/min under N².



Mesomorphism of 4j

ESI Fig. 37 Optical textures of compound **4j** sandwiched between clean glass slides on cooling from isotropic phase: (left) dendritic texture which indicated a Col_h phase observed by POM with 45° angle at 140 °C; (right) mosaic texture which indicated a Col_{hp} phase observed by POM with 90° angle at 100 °C. Phase transition between Col_h and Col_{hp} was clearly observed for the colours and areas of domain were changed while the birefringence increases.



ESI Fig. 38 DSC trace of compound 4j run at 10 °C/min under N².



ESI Fig. 39 Dendritic texture of compound **4k** sandwiched between clean glass slides on cooling from isotropic phase at 125 °C (left), this texture which indicated a Col_h phase was observed by POM with 45° angle and did not show any changes when cooled to room temperature; DSC trace of compound **4k** run at 10 °C/min under N² (right).