Supporting Information for the Manuscript:

Anionic Porous Metal–Organic Framework with Novel 5-Connected vbk Topology for Rapid Adsorption of Dyes and Tunable White Light Emission

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Identification code	Zn(II)-MOF	
formula	$C_{50}H_{32}O_{27}Zn_4$	
fw	1326.24	
Crystal system	$P2_{1}/c$	
Space group	Monoclinic	
<i>a</i> (Å)	17.493(4)	
b (Å)	15.092(3)	
<i>c</i> (Å)	23.745(5)	
α (°)	90	
eta (°)	97.06(3)	
γ (°)	90	
$V(\text{\AA}^3)$	6221(2)	
Z	2	
$Dc (Mg \cdot m^3)$	0.708	
<i>F</i> (000)	1336	
Reflns collected	41060	
Independent reflns	10884	
R(int)	0.0315	
GOF on F^2	1.449	
$R_1^{a}(I > 2\sigma(I))$	0.0962	
$wR_2^{\ b}(I>2\sigma(I))$	0.3157	
${}^{a}R_{1} = \sum F_{o} - F_{c} / \sum F_{o} . {}^{b}wR_{2} = \left[\sum w(F_{o}^{2} - F_{c}^{2})^{2} / \sum w(F_{o}^{2})^{2}\right]^{1/2}$		

 Table S1 Crystal data and structure refinement for Zn(II)-MOF.

Zn(1)-O(1)	1.901(3)	Zn(1)-O(3)#1	1.911(5)
Zn(1)-O(8)#2	1.917(3)	Zn(1)-O(10)#3	1.948(5)
Zn(2)-O(2)	1.949(3)	Zn(2)-O(6)#4	1.963(3)
Zn(2)-O(9)#3	1.972(4)	Zn(2)-O(4)#1	2.079(5)
Zn(2)-O(1W)	2.172(6)	O(1)-Zn(1)-O(3)#1	116.0(2)
O(1)-Zn(1)-O(8)#2	115.16(15)	O(3)#1-Zn(1)-O(8)#2	107.97(19)
O(1)-Zn(1)-O(10)#3	111.7(2)	O(3)#1-Zn(1)-O(10)#3	105.1(2)
O(8)#2-Zn(1)-O(10)#3	99.19(17)	O(2)-Zn(2)-O(6)#4	109.53(14)
O(2)-Zn(2)-O(9)#3	142.23(14)	O(6)#4-Zn(2)-O(9)#3	107.79(15)
O(2)-Zn(2)-O(4)#1	93.58(18)	O(6)#4-Zn(2)-O(4)#1	91.14(17)
O(9)#3-Zn(2)-O(4)#1	91.3(2)	O(2)-Zn(2)-O(1W)	84.0(2)
O(6)#4-Zn(2)-O(1W)	96.8(2)	O(9)#3-Zn(2)-O(1W)	86.1(2)
O(4)#1-Zn(2)-O(1W)	172.09(19)		

Table S2. Selected bond distances and angles for Zn(II)-MOF^a.

^aSymmetry transformations used to generate equivalent atoms: #1 *X*, -*Y*+3/2, *Z*+1/2; #2 -*X*, -*Y*+1, -*Z*+1; #3 *X*, *Y*+1, *Z*; #4 -*X*+1, *Y*+1/2, -*Z*+1/2; #5 *X*, -*Y*+3/2, *Z*-1/2; #6 -*X*+1, *Y*-1/2, -*Z*+1/2; #7 *X*, *Y*-1, *Z*.



Fig. S1 Coordination Mode of the L^{5-} Anion.



Fig. S2 The "paddle-wheel" secondary building unit (SBU).



Fig. S3 Powder XRD patterns for simulated, as-synthesized, lanthanide cations-doped Zn(II)-MOF and dye-soaked Zn(II)-MOF.



Fig. S4 The thermogravimetric (TG) analysis curve of Zn(II)-MOF.



Fig. S5 UV–vis spectra of the original and Zn(II)-MOF treated (30 mg) organic dye MB (5.0×10^{-5} M) solution for various times. The insets are photos before and after the adsorption experiments under sunlight.



Fig. S6 UV–vis spectra of the original and Zn(II)-MOF treated (30 mg) organic dye R6G (5.0×10^{-5} M) solution for various times. The insets are photos before and after the adsorption experiments under sunlight.



Fig. S7 Molecular structures of (a) TB, (b) MB, (c) R6G.



Fig. S8 Fluorescence spectra of Zn(II)-MOF dipped in different amounts of Toluidine Blue (TB) dye molecules.



Fig. S9 (a) Emission spectra of $xEu^{3+}@Zn(II)$ -MOF excitation at 359 nm. (b) CIE chromaticity coordinates and optical photographs of $xEu^{3+}@Zn(II)$ -MOF. (c) Emission spectra of $xTb^{3+}@Zn(II)$ -MOF excitation at 359 nm. (d) CIE chromaticity coordinates and optical photographs of $xTb^{3+}@Zn(II)$ -MOF.



Fig. S10 The emission spectra of xEu^{3+} , yTb^{3+} @Zn(II)-MOF excitation at 359 nm.