## Strong spin frustration from isolated triangular Cu(II) trimers in SrCu(OH)<sub>3</sub>Cl with a novel cuprate layer

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atoms	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
Sr(1)	0.0067 (5)	0.0092 (4)	0.0090 (4)	0.000	0.000	-0.0006 (4)
Sr(2)	0.0054 (3)	0.0103 (3)	0.0096 (3)	-0.0005 (2)	0.0001 (3)	0.0004 (3)
Cu(1)	0.0046 (6)	0.0099 (5)	0.0102 (6)	0.000	0.000	0.0014 (6)
Cu(2)	0.0050 (4)	0.0081 (4)	0.0106 (4)	0.0007 (3)	0.0011 (4)	0.0017 (4)
Cl(1)	0.0076 (13)	0.0177 (13)	0.0181 (14)	0.000	0.000	-0.0026 (10)
Cl(2)	0.0119 (9)	0.0097 (8)	0.0167 (9)	-0.0010 (7)	0.0032 (8)	-0.0019 (7)
O(1)	0.005 (3)	0.011 (3)	0.008 (2)	-0.002 (2)	0.000 (2)	0.001 (2)
O(2)	0.006 (4)	0.011 (4)	0.014 (4)	0.000	0.000	0.000 (4)
O(3)	0.007 (3)	0.009 (2)	0.014 (3)	0.001 (2)	0.005 (2)	0.000 (2)
O(4)	0.006 (2)	0.009 (2)	0.015 (3)	0.000 (2)	-0.001 (3)	0.005 (3)
O(5)	0.008 (3)	0.008 (2)	0.014 (3)	-0.003 (2)	-0.002 (2)	0.003 (2)

Table S1. Anisotropic atomic displacement parameters (Å<sup>2</sup>) of SrCu(OH)<sub>3</sub>Cl

Table S2.	Geometric	parameters (	۲Å, °	) of SrCu	OH)a	$_{\rm S}Cl$
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Table S2. Geometric parameters (Å, °) of SrCu(OH) <sub>3</sub> Cl					
Atom — atom	Distance	Atom — atom	Distance		
Sr(1)—O(4)	2.499 (6)	$Sr(2)$ — $Cl(2)^{v}$	2.998 (2)		
$Sr(1) - O(4)^{i}$	2.499 (6)	$Sr(2)$ — $Cl(1)^{iv}$	3.0102 (13)		
$Sr(1) - O(1)^{i}$	2.542 (6)	$Sr(2)$ — $Cl(2)^{iii}$	3.019 (2)		
Sr(1) - O(1)	2.542 (6)	$Cu(1)$ — $O(4)^{vii}$	1.940 (6)		
Sr(1)—O(5)	2.568 (5)	$Cu(1)$ — $O(4)^{viii}$	1.940 (6)		
$Sr(1) - O(5)^{i}$	2.568 (5)	Cu(1)—O(1)	1.957 (5)		
Sr(1)—O(2)	2.668 (7)	$Cu(1) - O(1)^{i}$	1.958 (5)		
Sr(2)—O(3) <sup>iii</sup>	2.512 (6)	$Cu(2)$ — $O(5)^{ix}$	1.950 (5)		
Sr(2)—O(4)	2.518 (5)	Cu(2)—O(3)	1.959 (5)		
$Sr(2)$ — $O(3)^{iv}$	2.558 (6)	Cu(2)—O(2)	1.959 (5)		
Sr(2)—O(5)	2.632 (5)	Cu(2)—O(1)	1.974 (5)		
Atom – atom – atom	Angle	Atom –atom–atom	Angle		
$O(4)$ — $Sr(1)$ — $O(4)^{i}$	67.7 (3)	$O(4)$ — $Sr(2)$ — $Cl(1)^{iv}$	74.22 (13)		
$O(4)$ — $Sr(1)$ — $O(1)^{i}$	143.92 (18)	$O(3)^{iv}$ —Sr(2)—Cl(1) <sup>iv</sup>	76.93 (13)		
$O(4)^{i}$ — $Sr(1)$ — $O(1)^{i}$	103.15 (18)	$O(5)$ — $Sr(2)$ — $Cl(1)^{iv}$	84.18 (13)		
O(4)— $Sr(1)$ — $O(1)$	103.15 (18)	$Cl(2)^{v}$ — $Sr(2)$ — $Cl(1)^{iv}$	99.98 (7)		
$O(4)^{i}$ —Sr(1)—O(1)	143.92 (18)	$O(3)^{iii}$ — $Sr(2)$ — $Cl(2)^{iii}$	78.72 (13)		
$O(1)^{i}$ —Sr(1)—O(1)	62.8 (2)	$O(4)$ — $Sr(2)$ — $Cl(2)^{iii}$	81.34 (13)		
O(4)— $Sr(1)$ — $O(5)$	78.13 (16)	$O(3)^{iv}$ — $Sr(2)$ — $Cl(2)^{iii}$	72.63 (13)		
$O(4)^{i}$ —Sr(1)—O(5)	127.24 (18)	$O(5)$ — $Sr(2)$ — $Cl(2)^{iii}$	144.88 (12)		
$O(1)^{i}$ —Sr(1)—O(5)	127.13 (17)	$Cl(2)^{v}$ — $Sr(2)$ — $Cl(2)^{iii}$	124.88 (4)		
O(1)— $Sr(1)$ — $O(5)$	81.07 (17)	$Cl(1)^{iv}$ — $Sr(2)$ — $Cl(2)^{iii}$	115.67 (7)		
$O(4)$ — $Sr(1)$ — $O(5)^{i}$	127.24 (18)	$O(4)^{vii}$ — $Cu(1)$ — $O(4)^{viii}$	91.7 (3)		
$O(4)^{i}$ —Sr(1)—O(5) <sup>i</sup>	78.13 (16)	$O(4)^{vii}$ — $Cu(1)$ — $O(1)$	172.2 (3)		
$O(1)^{i}$ —Sr(1)—O(5) <sup>i</sup>	81.07 (17)	$O(4)^{\text{viii}}$ — $Cu(1)$ — $O(1)$	91.1 (2)		
$O(1)$ — $Sr(1)$ — $O(5)^{i}$	127.13 (17)	$O(4)^{vii}$ — $Cu(1)$ — $O(1)^{i}$	91.1 (2)		
$O(5)$ — $Sr(1)$ — $O(5)^{i}$	93.4 (2)	$O(4)^{viii}$ — $Cu(1)$ — $O(1)^{i}$	172.2 (3)		
O(4)— $Sr(1)$ — $O(2)$	83.28 (19)	$O(1)$ — $Cu(1)$ — $O(1)^{i}$	85.2 (3)		
$O(4)^{i}$ — $Sr(1)$ — $O(2)$	83.28 (19)	$O(5)^{ix}$ — $Cu(2)$ — $O(3)$	92.5 (2)		
$O(1)^{i}$ —Sr(1)—O(2)	60.7 (2)	$O(5)^{ix}$ — $Cu(2)$ — $O(2)$	91.4 (3)		
O(1)— $Sr(1)$ — $O(2)$	60.72 (19)	O(3)—Cu(2)—O(2)	174.3 (3)		
O(5)— $Sr(1)$ — $O(2)$	132.04 (13)	$O(5)^{ix}$ — $Cu(2)$ — $O(1)$	174.5 (2)		
$O(5)^{i}$ — $Sr(1)$ — $O(2)$	132.04 (13)	O(3) - Cu(2) - O(1)	92.1 (2)		
$O(3)^{iii}$ — $Sr(2)$ — $O(4)$	104.56 (18)	O(2) - Cu(2) - O(1)	84.1 (3)		
$O(3)^{iii}$ — $Sr(2)$ — $O(3)^{iv}$	114.00 (10)	Cu(1) - O(1) - Cu(2)	119.4 (3)		
$O(4)$ — $Sr(2)$ — $O(3)^{iv}$	127.08 (19)	Cu(1)—O(1)—H(1)	117 (7)		
$O(3)^{iii}$ — $Sr(2)$ — $O(5)$	80.77 (18)	Cu(2)—O(1)—H(1)	102 (6)		
O(4)— $Sr(2)$ — $O(5)$	76.62 (18)	$Cu(2)$ — $O(2)$ — $Cu(2)^i$	112.6 (4)		
$O(3)^{iv}$ — $Sr(2)$ — $O(5)$	142.31 (16)	Cu(2)—O(2)—H(2)	106 (5)		

$O(3)^{iii}$ — $Sr(2)$ — $Cl(2)^{v}$	73.62 (13)	$Cu(2)^{i}$ — $O(2)$ — $H2$	106 (5)
$O(4)$ — $Sr(2)$ — $Cl(2)^{v}$	151.39 (15)	Cu(2)—O(3)—H3	110 (7)
$O(3)^{iv}$ —Sr(2)—Cl(2) <sup>v</sup>	76.63 (13)	$Cu(1)^{ii}$ — $O(4)$ —H4	102 (7)
$O(5)$ — $Sr(2)$ — $Cl(2)^{v}$	74.92 (12)	Cu(2)v—O(5)—H5	106 (8)
$O(3)^{iii}$ —Sr(2)—Cl(1) <sup>iv</sup>	164.73 (14)		

Symmetry codes: (i) -*x*+1, *y*, *z*; (ii) *x*, *y*, *z*+1; (iii) -*x*+3/2, -*y*+1, *z*+1/2; (iv) *x*, *y*+1, *z*+1; (v) *x*, *y*+1, *z*; (vi) -*x*+3/2, -*y*+2, *z*-1/2; (vii) -*x*+1, *y*, *z*-1; (viii) *x*, *y*, *z*-1; (ix) *x*, *y*-1, *z*; (x) -*x*+3/2, -*y*+1, *z*-1/2; (xi) *x*, *y*-1, *z*-1; (xii) -*x*+1, *y*-1, *z*-1.

Table S3. Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °) of SrCu(OH)<sub>3</sub>Cl

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D—H···A	<i>D</i> —Н	$H \cdots A$	$D \cdots A$	D—H··· $A$	
$O(1)$ — $H(1)$ ···· $Cl(2)^x$	0.81 (3)	2.40 (3)	3.210 (6)	175 (8)	
$O(2)$ — $H(2)$ ··· $Cl(1)^{ii}$	0.82 (3)	2.49 (7)	3.249 (9)	154 (13)	
O(3)—	0.91(2)	2.05(8)	2 162 (6)	122 (9)	
$H(3)\cdots Cl(2)^{viii}$	0.81 (3)	2.93 (8)	5.402 (0)	125 (8)	
$O(3)$ — $H(3)$ ··· $Cl(2)^x$	0.81 (3)	2.80 (6)	3.506 (6)	148 (8)	
O(4)— $H(4)$ ···· $Cl(2)$	0.81 (3)	2.52 (6)	3.224 (5)	145 (9)	
$O(5)$ — $H(5)$ ··· $Cl(2)^v$	0.81 (3)	2.90 (9)	3.436 (5)	126 (9)	
O(5)— $H(5)$ ···· $O(3)$ <sup>iii</sup>	0.81 (3)	2.58 (6)	3.334 (8)	155 (11)	
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Symmetry codes: (ii) *x*, *y*, *z*+1; (iii) –*x*+3/2, –*y*+1, *z*+1/2; (v) *x*, *y*+1, *z*; (viii) *x*, *y*, *z*-1; (x) –*x*+3/2, –*y*+1, *z*-1/2.



Figure S1. Morphology of SrCu(OH)<sub>3</sub>Cl crystals under optical microscope



Figure S2. Powder X-ray diffraction patterns of experimental products from variable amounts of LiOH·H<sub>2</sub>O, while keeping the amounts of CuCl<sub>2</sub>·2H<sub>2</sub>O (1.70 g), LiCl·H<sub>2</sub>O (1.20 g), SrCl<sub>2</sub>·6H<sub>2</sub>O (2.66 g) and H<sub>2</sub>O (10 mL), at 513K for 3 days. Bragg bar positions (i), (ii) and (iii) for SrCu(OH)<sub>3</sub>Cl, CuO and Sr<sub>2</sub>(OH)<sub>2</sub>Cu(OH)<sub>4</sub>, respectively.



Figure S3. EXD spectrum of SrCu(OH)<sub>3</sub>Cl



Figure S4. Morphology of a SrCu(OH)<sub>3</sub>Cl crystal under scanning electron microscope. Marked spot denotes the position where the EXD spectrum in Figure S3 was measured.



Figure S5. Magnetization-field loop of SrCu(OH)<sub>3</sub>Cl at 2 K