

## Electronic Supplementary Information

### Highly luminescent nitrogen-doped carbon quantum dots as effective fluorescent probes for mercuric and iodide ions

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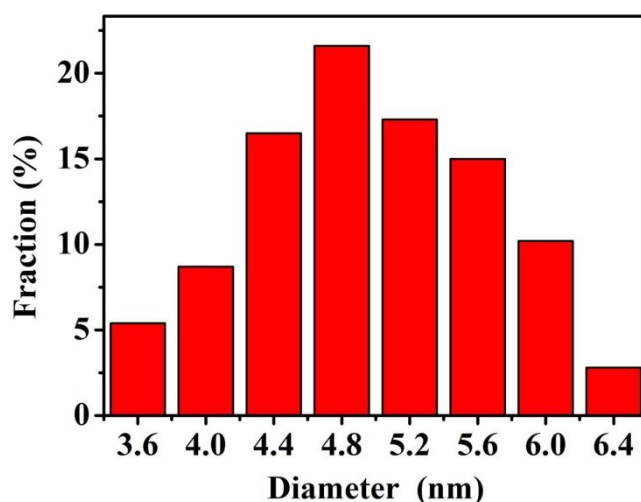
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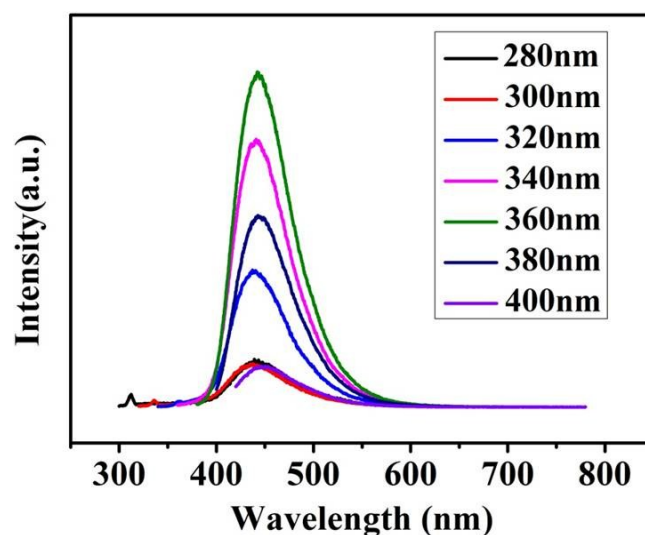
<sup>†</sup>They make equal contributions to this study.



**Fig. S1** The size distribution of N-CQDs.

**Table S1.** Elemental analysis of N-CQDs

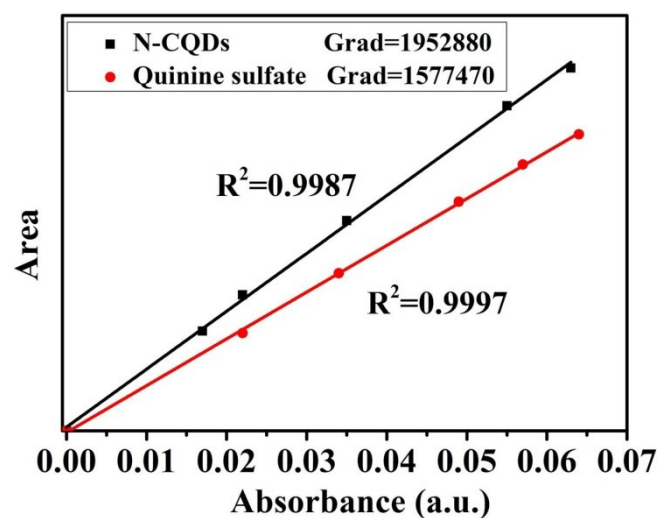
	C (%)	H (%)	N (%)	O (%)	Composition
N-CQDs	47.8	8.0	19.0	25.2	C <sub>4.0</sub> H <sub>8.0</sub> O <sub>1.6</sub> N <sub>1.4</sub>



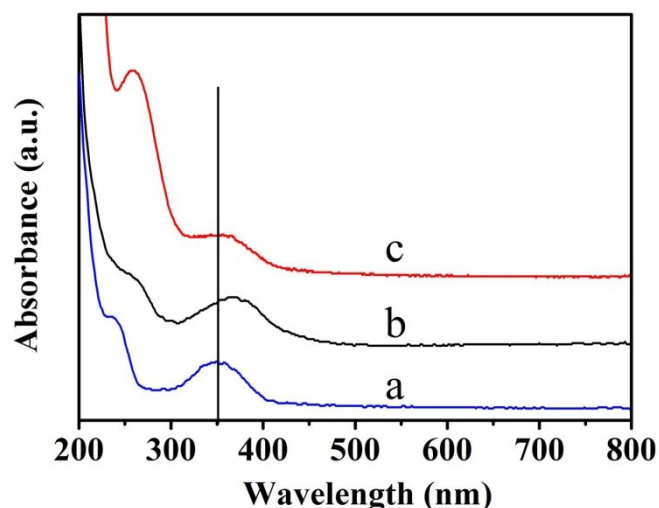
**Fig. S2** Fluorescence spectra of N-CQDs. (The strongest emission was observed at 445 nm excited at 360 nm.)

### QY measurements

The QY ( $\Phi$ ) of N-CQDs was determined with quinine sulfate (QY = 54% in 0.1 M  $\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4$ ) as the reference.



**Fig. S3** The relationship between the fluorescence intensity and the absorbance of Quinine sulfate (red) and N-CQDs (black). The QY of N-CQDs was calculated to be 66.8%.



**Fig. S4** UV-Vis absorption spectra of N-CQDs (a), N-CQDs-Hg<sup>2+</sup> (b), and N-CQDs-Hg<sup>2+</sup>-I<sup>-</sup> (c).

#### Fluorescence lifetime measurements

Fluorescence lifetimes were measured by the time-correlated single-photon counting technique. Measurements were carried out at  $\lambda_{\text{ex}} = 340$  nm and  $\lambda_{\text{em}} = 445$  nm. The fluorescence decay curves of N-CQDs were fitted with double exponential functions.

**Table S2** Fluorescence lifetimes of N-CQDs, N-CQDs in the presence of Hg<sup>2+</sup>, and N-CQDs-Hg<sup>2+</sup> in the presence of I<sup>-</sup>.

system	1			2			$\tau_{\text{avg}}$ (ns)
	$\tau_1$ (ns)	A <sub>1</sub>	Percentage (%)	$\tau_2$ (ns)	A <sub>2</sub>	Percentage (%)	
N-CQDs	2.91	0.02858	4.08	15.30	0.1280	95.92	14.79
N-CQDs-Hg <sup>2+</sup>	3.03	0.07432	18.69	10.10	0.0972	81.31	8.77
N-CQDs-Hg <sup>2+</sup> -I <sup>-</sup>	1.17	0.04800	2.87	14.80	0.1278	97.13	14.43

$\tau_1$  and  $\tau_2$  refer to the short and long lifetime of N-CQDs, respectively.